

Phone: +64 9 835 0700 Fax: +64 9 837 3446 NZ Freephone: 0800 654 668 AU Freephone: 1800 148 494 Email: info@innovative.co.nz

## **User Manual**

## SR750i....LAN+

# No-Break<sup>™</sup> DC UPS with SNMP communications port 750W



(optional V/I meter shown)







# Installation & Safety

## Safety

The user is responsible for ensuring that input and output wiring segregation complies with local standards and that in the use of the equipment, access is confined to operators and service personnel. A low resistance earth connection is essential to ensure safety and additionally, satisfactory EMI suppression (see below).

# HAZARDOUS VOLTAGES EXIST WITHIN A POWER SUPPLY ENCLOSURE AND ANY REPAIRS MUST BE CARRIED OUT BY A QUALIFIED SERVICEPERSON.

## **Electrical Strength Tests**

Components within the power supply responsible for providing the safety barrier between input and output are constructed to provide electrical isolation as required by the relevant standard. However EMI filtering components could be damaged as result of excessively long high voltage tests between input, output and ground. Please contact our technicians for advice regarding electric strength tests.

## Earth Leakage

The EMI suppression circuits causes earth leakage currents which may be to the maximum allowable of 3.5mA.

#### **Ventilation**

High operating temperature is a major cause of power supply failures, for example it has been well documented that a 10°C rise in the operating temperature of a component will halve its expected life. Therefore always ensure that there is adequate ventilation for the equipment. Batteries and cooling fans also suffer shortened lifetimes if subjected to high ambient temperatures - both should be included in a routine maintenance schedule to check for signs of reduced efficiency.

#### Water / Dust

Every effort must be made in the installation to minimise the risk of ingress of water or dust. Water will almost always cause instant failure. The effects of dust are slower in causing failure of electronic equipment but all electrical equipment should be cleaned free of any dust accumulation at regular intervals. This is particularly important where internal fans are fitted.

## **Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)**

Switching power supplies and converters inherently generate electrical noise. All wiring should be as short as practicable and segregated from all equipment wiring which is sensitive to EMI. Residual noise can be reduced by looping DC wiring through ferrite cable sleeves. These are most effective as close to the power supply as possible and as many turns of the wire taken through the core (+ and - in the same direction) as the core will accommodate.

## **Fuse ratings**

Check that the wiring and fuses or MCBs match the rating of the PSU or converter. Adequate fuse protection of battery circuits is very important owing to the large potential currents available from batteries. Our **No-Break DC** series has an internal ECB for protection of the battery circuit but for all other charging situations should have an external fuse or circuit breaker fitted in the battery circuit.

## **Connection polarity**

It is critical to check the polarity carefully when connecting batteries and equipment to DC power supplies and chargers. Boost chargers (and some float chargers) made by Innovative Energies have reverse polarity protection, which can be by an electronic switch (non-destructive) or an internal fuse which needs to be replaced if a battery is connected in reverse.

## Glossary of terms used in our user manuals

**PSU** = power supply unit **BCT** = battery condition test **ECB** = electronic circuit breaker

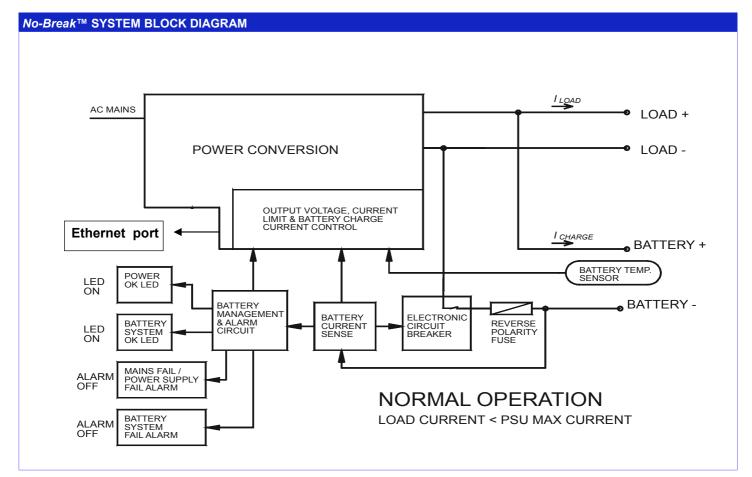
**ELVD** = electronic low voltage disconnect **RPP** = reverse polarity protection **EMI** = electromagnetic interference

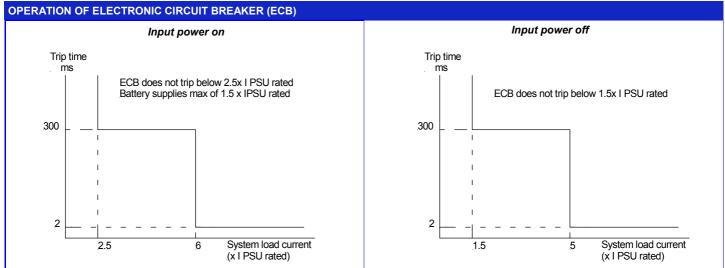
**SNMP** = Simple Network Management LAN = local area network

Protocol

## INTRODUCTION

The **No-Break** ™**DC** power supply is designed to provide DC power to lead acid batteries for critical back up applications. In addition to the normal features of the standard **SR750C..** model, the **SR750i....-LAN+** has an ethernet communication interface using SNMP protocol to enable user monitoring of the power supply and battery parameters and control of the battery condition test function.

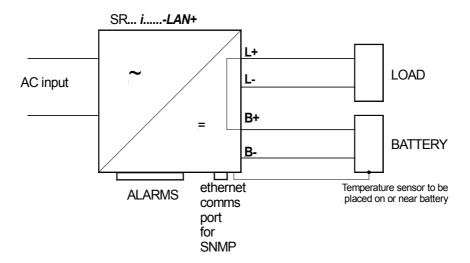




- The ECB is activated under the following conditions:
- 1. battery voltage drops below the Vdisco (1.66V/cell)
  - 2. battery current overload (refer to graphs above)

The ECB will latch open only when there is no input power present. It will reset when input power is restored or can be manually reset by briefly shorting the **BAT**- and **LOAD**- terminals together when there is no input power.

#### L+, B+ are linked internally and labelled COM



## **CONNECTION & INITIAL TESTING**

- 1 Check input and output voltages of system, ensure that they match the equipment. All loads should be isolated.
- 2 Check polarity of all wiring. Place temperature sensor probe near or on batteries.
- 3 Plug in input power. "POWER OK" LED will light up. DC output voltage should appear at both load and battery outputs.
- 4 Turn off input power.
- 5 Connect battery.
- 6 Check that ECB (internal electronic circuit breaker) closes by shorting together the **BATTERY -ve** and **LOAD -ve** terminals briefly. Both LEDs will light up. If this does not happen, there is a fault in the wiring or the internal battery protection fuse is ruptured (see Note 2 below). The battery voltage will then appear at the load terminals and the "**BAT LOW**" alarm relay energises. The "**POWER OK**" LED stays on for about 30 seconds.
- 7 Connect load wiring to LOAD+ and LOAD- terminals.
- 8 The system is now ready for operation.
- 9 Please refer to separate user manual for setting up the SNMP web interface.

#### **NOTES**

## 1 Maximum current available

with input power present: 2.5 x rated PSU current with no input power: 1.5 x rated PSU current

## 2 Reverse polarity protection

If the battery is connected in reverse, the internal battery protection fuse may be ruptured and the unit should be returned to the manufacturer for repair. If the fuse is good, the voltage measured as at step 3 above should be exactly the same on both the load and battery outputs.

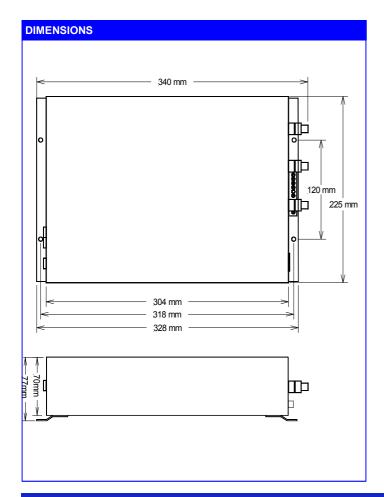
## 3 Battery Condition Test (BCT)

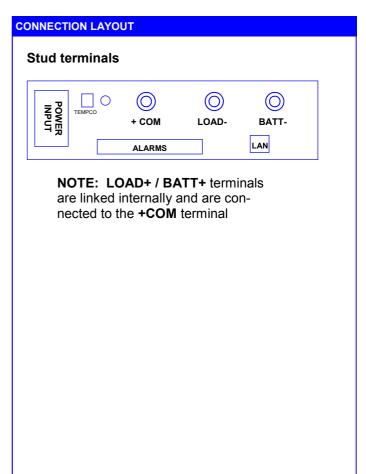
BCT function is disabled on start up and is controlled via the SNMP interface.

#### 4 BCT fail reset

If the system fails a BCT the BAT LOW alarm latches (de-energized state) until

*either:* both the mains power input and the battery are disconnected briefly *or:* the system passes the next BCT.





## FRONT PANEL LEDS (WITH BUILT IN SWITCHES)

For full list of LED flash codes please refer to page 7.

**BATTERY SYSTEM OK:** *LED on:* Battery present and above V batl.

**POWER OK:** LED on: Input power present

**STANDBY:** LED on: Charger in standby mode (no output from charger)

Warning: Do not put unit into standby mode during normal operation as

"BATLOW" alarm and low voltage disconnect are both disabled.

## **ALARM RELAYS**

**AUX:** Relay is energized when the battery condition test is in progress

**MAINS FAIL:** Alarm indicates loss of input power after 30 sec delay.

**BAT LOW:** Relay is de-energized when either:

1. battery voltage = 1.8V/cell (for 2V cells) - operates only when no input power

present or

2. battery missing or fault in battery circuit wiring (alarm does not activate for up to

battery detection interval time).

Parameter	Nominal Voltage					Default
- 3	12V	24V	30V	36V	48V	Value
* <sup>1</sup> <b>V out</b> = Output voltage	13.8	27.6	34.5	41.4	55.2	2.3V/cell
V pres = Voltage threshold for battery detection & battery condition test (BCT). If voltage drops to this level during BCT then the test is aborted and BATT SYS OK relay de-energises	12.2	24.4	30.5	36.6	48.8	2.03V/cel
V shutd = Output voltage of PSU during battery detection & BCT	11.5	23	28.8	34.5	46	1.92V/cel
V batI = Battery low alarm voltage during mains fail. (BATT SYS OK alarm relay de-energizes)	11	22	27.6	33	44	1.84V/cell
V disco = Battery disconnect voltage during mains fail	10	20	25	30	40	1.66V/cell
Bccl = Maximum charge current as % of rated PSU rated current					*2	
Comms = communications mode of PSU: F = continuous data stream of status M = responds only to request made by a controller					М	
<b>BatDetect</b> = Battery detection interval time, active only when no battery charge current is detected (the unit may not detect a missing battery for up to this time)					60 min	
BCT = length of battery condition test					20 min	
Ret = retest option: N = after a failed BCT further scheduled BCTs are inhibited Y = after a failed BCT further scheduled BCTs will be allowed					Υ	
CC = Length of charge cycle in minutes/hours/days. ie. time between battery condition tests					40m/23h/ 027d	
<b>MfiBCT</b> = time before mains fail check during BCT. A mains fail during a BCT will stop the BCT. If set longer than <b>BCT</b> time no mains fail check will occur.				30 min		

## **NOTES:**

- \*1
- Output voltage is set by an internal potentiometer. Refer to 'PSU Configuration' page on website \*2

LED INDICA	TION CODES	5			
Battery System OK LED	Power OK LED	Stand-by LED	Battery System OK Alarm	Power OK Alarm	Condition
		0	Normal	Normal	System Normal: Input power on, battery circuit is OK
		0	Normal	Normal	Battery detection test in progress
0		0	Alarm	Normal	Input power on, battery system fault:  1. Internal battery fuse has opened <i>or</i> 2. Battery circuit wiring open circuit, battery missing, ECB has tripped
	0	0	Normal	Alarm	Input power off, battery system is OK (battery volts > Vbatl)
	0	0	Alarm	Alarm	Input power off and battery has discharged to ≤ V batl
0	0	0	Alarm	Alarm	Input power off, ELVD has activated and disconnected battery from load.
<b>₩</b>		0	Normal	Normal	BCT is in progress: LEDs flash slowly
		0	Alarm	Normal	Input power on, battery condition unserviceable- battery voltage < Vpres during a BCT
			Normal	Normal	PSU in standby, input power on, battery system OK
0	0		Alarm	Alarm	PSU in standby, input power present, battery missing.
			Alarm	Normal	PSU in standby and system has failed previous BCT

LEGEND:



=on =fast flash =slow flash =off







With Ethernet (SNMP) communication port





Optional internal V/I meter shown

- Remote monitoring of DC system via internet connection
- BCT controlled via web page or SNMP MIB browser
- Includes all the features of our standard No-Break DC UPS systems
- Separate outputs for load and battery
- Battery detection regular battery presence and battery circuit integrity checks
- Deep discharge protection for battery
- ECB for overload protection of battery circuit
- Fused reverse battery polarity protection
- Automatic temperature compensated output volts
- No-Break switching between PSU & battery
- LED flash codes for precise state indication
- Two alarm relay outputs standard + BCT relay

♦ 24 Month Warranty

SPECIFICATIONS All specifications are typical at nominal input, full load and at 20°C unless otherwise stated.					
ELECTRICAL		No-Break™ FUNCTIONS	S AND ALARMS*		
AC Input	230V AC: 180V - 264V (standard) 110V AC: 88V - 132V (on request)	Battery Charge Limit	See Model Table for default settings - may be increased to PSU rated current		
Frequency	45- 65 Hz	Reverse Polarity	Battery reverse connection will open internal fuse (and produce alarm)		
Fusing / Protection	Input fuse Output fuse & ECB for battery	Battery Monitoring	Detects for presence of battery on start up,		
Isolation	1KV DC input - output / earth		then every 60 minutes when charge current < 200mA		
Efficiency	≥ 85%	Battery Protection	Electronic Circuit Breaker (ECB) operates under the following conditions:		
Inrush current	Soft start circuit	- low battery volts	battery voltage drops to 1.67V/cell -		
Output Power	750W		auto reset		
Output Voltages	13.8, 27.6, 34.5, 41.4, 55.2V	- overload	<ul> <li>&lt; 300ms for load &gt; 6 x rated PSU cur- rent, allows ~1.5x rated PSU current</li> </ul>		
Voltage adj. range	85 - 105% of Vout	- short circuit	from battery without acting, <ul><li>&lt; 2ms, backed up by fuse</li></ul>		
Temp. Compensation	Temperature sensor on 1.7m lead with adhesive pad: -4mV / °C / cell ±10%	Indication LEDs	Green: Battery System OK, Power OK Red: Standby		
Current Limits	PSU: 100% rated current Battery: 25-100% PSU current	Alarms	Power OK (Mains/PSU fail, standby		
Line Regulation	<0.2% over AC input range		mode) Battery System OK - alarms when battery		
Load Regulation	<0.4% open circuit to 100% load		voltage low (on mains fail), battery miss- ing, battery circuit wiring faulty, BCT fail (if		
Noise	<1%	Alarm Balay contacts	enabled) C - NO - NC full changeover rated 1A /50V		
Drift	0.03% / °C	Alarm Relay contacts	DC, 32VAC		
Hold-up time	15 - 20 ms (nom max. Vin) without battery	Standby Mode	Turns off DC output of PSU & allows load to run off battery		
Thermal Protection	Yes, self resetting		,		
OVP	Over-voltage protection on output at ~ 130% of nominal output voltage	ENVIRONMENTAL Operating	0 - 50 °C ambient at full load		
Battery Condition Test (BCT)	Settings to be specified at time of order. Control of BCT is implemented using the	temperature Storage temperature	De-rate linearly >50 °C to no load @ 70 °C -10 to 85 °C ambient		

Humidity

Cooling	Fan cooled
STANDARDS	
ЕМІ	to CISPR 22 / EN55022 class A
Safety	to IEC950 / EN60950 / AS/NZS3260

0 - 95% relative humidity non-condensing

BCT relay provided to control an external test load. Please do not hesitate to ask our sales staff for assistance with this feature.

SNMP software.

## **750 Watt** No-Break™ DC charger for lead acid batteries



STANDARD MODEL TABLE							
MODELS	DC Output						
	Output (V)	PSU Rated (A)	Charge Limit (A) * <sup>1</sup>	Recomm. Load (A)	Peak load on power fail (A)		
SR750 <i>i</i> 12	13.8	54	54	42	81		
SR750 <i>i</i> 24	27.6	27	27	19	40		
SR750 <i>i</i> 30	34.5	21	21	14	31		
SR750 <i>i</i> 36	41.4	18	18	12	27		
SR750 <i>i</i> 48	55.2	13.5	13.5	8.5	20		

\*1 charge current limit may be varied at time of order



## **SCHEMATIC BLOCK DIAGRAM** ...-LAN+ LOAD AC input **BATTERY** ethernet Temperature sensor to be placed on or near battery **ALARMS** comms port for SNMP

## **PHYSICAL**

**AC Input connector** IEC320 inlet socket

**DC Output Connections** M8 brass stud or plug-in/ screw terminal

block (20A/ terminal)

**Alarm Connections** Plug in/ screw terminal block

**Enclosure** Powder coated steel

Weight 4.3kg

225W x 304D x 70H mm (excluding mount-**Dimensions** 

ing feet and terminals)

## **OPTIONS**

19"Rack Mount 2U sub rack option: add SR-RM2U

Optional V/I meter for subrack: **SR-METER** 

**Wall Mount Enclosure** PSU may be fitted into enclosure with MCBs

and terminals. Code: SEC-SR

Parallel redundancy Use external output diode, eg +P50. Please

refer to separate application notes.

Internal Digital V/I Meter Add code +INT-METER

750W

## **ACCESSORIES SUPPLIED**

Mounting feet together with screws AC power cord 1.5m with IEC320 socket & AUS/NZ plug Mating screw terminal plug for DC connector for 'X' version Mating screw terminal plug for alarm outputs Crimp lugs for 'S' version

#### **MODEL IDENTIFICATION CODES**

# SR750 i 12 T F S L-LAN+

Communication port: LAN+ = Ethernet (SNMP) + switch = L 230V AC + switch = U 110V AC + switch = H 110V DC 230V AC Input voltage and front panel standby switch: 110V AC 110V DC Output DC Connector type: Stud = S Phoenix combicon (plug in /screw terminal block) = X Cooling Fan cooled = F Temperature Compensation Yes = T DC output: Nominal voltage 12, 24, 30, 36, 48V Function  $i = No\text{-}Break^{TM}DC$  with communication port

Power

no switch = blank

no switch = G

no switch = J

No = blank

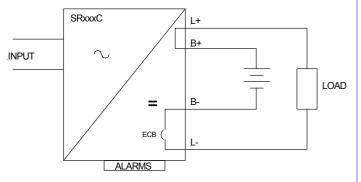


# DC connection diagrams

## No-Break DC & standard N+1 connections

## #1 1 x No-Break™DC charger and 1 x battery bank

This is the basic connection which is most commonly used, and provides adequate protection for the majority of systems requiring DC back up in the event of a mains power failure.

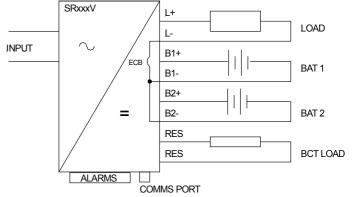


Single battery DC backup system

Alarms Available	
Power OK	YES
Battery Missing	YES
Battery Low	YES
Battery Condition Test Fail	YES

## #2 1 x No-Break™DC charger and 2 x battery banks

The SR250xxxV No-Break™DC UPS is designed to provide superior battery backup availability without having to use two power supplies. Dual battery banks and automatic battery condition testing reduce the risk of battery failure for critical applications.

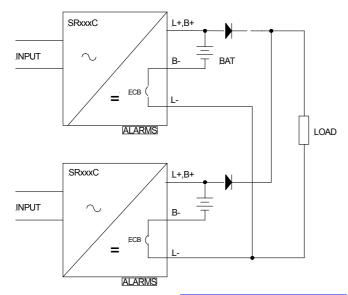


N+1 redundancy for batteries

Alarms Available	
Power OK	YES
Battery Missing (B1&B2)	YES
Battery Low (B1&B2)	YES
Battery Condition Test Fail (B1 & B2)	YES

## #3 2 x No-Break™DC chargers and 2 x battery banks

2 x No-Break™DC chargers connected in parallel with separate battery banks & output diodes. This solution provides an extremely high level of redundancy for very critical applications, with redundancy of the battery in addition to the power supply. The diodes isolate the units from one another in the event of a short circuit appearing at the other output and aid current sharing.



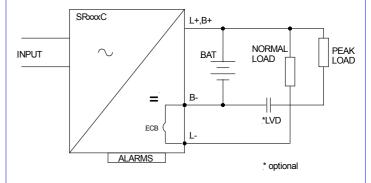
N+1 redundancy for charger and batteries

\*1 interlock circuit required for automated BCT

Alarms Available	
Power OK	YES
Battery Missing	YES
Battery Low	YES
Battery Condition Test Fail*1	YES

## #4 No-Break™DC Connection for high peak loads

This is a basic connection which is used when there is a connected load with a peak current greater than 1.5 times the rated current of the charger. Standing loads are connected normally and an optional external low voltage disconnect may be used for the peak load.



Single battery DC backup system for peak loads

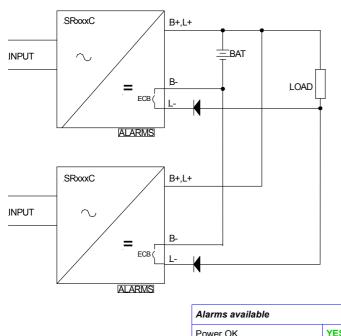
Alarms Available	
Power OK	YES
Battery Missing	YES
Battery Low	YES
Battery Condition Test Fail	YES





## #5 N+1 for *No-Break*™*DC* charger and single battery bank

This connection provides for redundancy of the charger and retains most of the No-Break functions.

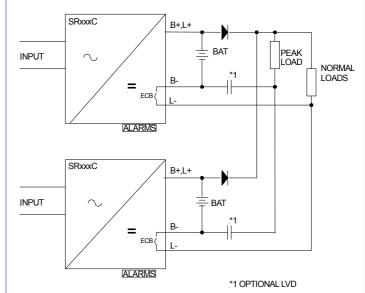


\*1 interlock circuit required for automated BCT

Alarms available	
Power OK	YES
Battery missing	NO
Battery low	YES
Battery condition test fail*1	YES

# #6 N+1 for *No-Break*™*DC* charger and N+1 for battery bank (use this connection for high peak loads)

All *No-Break* alarms are available and the low voltage disconnect for the peak load is optionally implemented with an external relay.

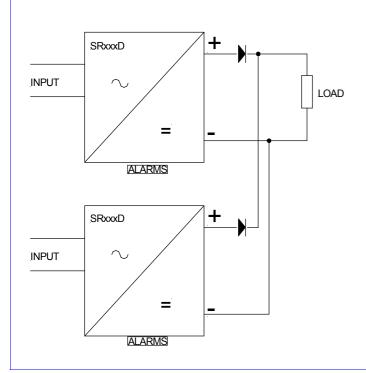


\*2 interlock circuit required for automated BCT

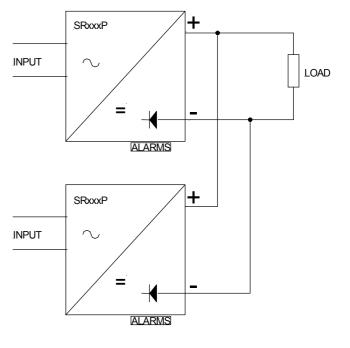
Alarms available	
Power OK	YES
Battery missing	YES
Battery low	YES
Battery condition test fail *2	YES

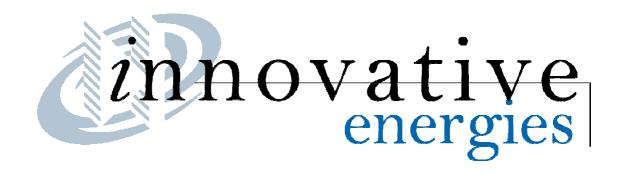
## Standard N+1 redundant DC connections

## **#7** Standard AC/DC power supplies with alarms and external diodes



#8 Standard AC/DC power supplies with internally fitted diodes (applies only to SR100P and SR250P models with outputs >12VDC)





#### **TERMS OF WARRANTY**

Innovative Energies Ltd warrants its power supplies for 24 months (two years) from date of shipment against material and workmanship defects.

Innovative Energies' liability under this warranty is limited to the replacement or repair of the defective product as long as the product has not been damaged through misapplication, negligence, or unauthorized modification or repair.

Thank you for purchasing from Innovative Energies.

We trust your power supply will exceed your expectations and perform for years to follow.

Sincerely, The Innovative Energies team.

## **Innovative Energies Limited**

Phone: +64 9 835 0700

Freephone: 0800 654 668 (New Zealand)

1800 148 494 (Australia)

Fax: +64 9 837 3446

Email: info@innovative.co.nz

Online: www.innovative.co.nz or www.innovative-energies.com

In Person: 1 Heremai Street, Henderson, Auckland, New Zealand

By Post: PO Box 19-501, Auckland 1746, New Zealand